ICT LESSON PLAN SECOND TERM FOR BASC 2

WEEK: One

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: Features of a keyboard

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be

able to:

i. Describe the keyboard

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with:

CONTENT:

FEATURES OF A KEYBOARD

A keyboard is an input device used for typing data into the computer.



FEATURES OF A KEYBOARD

- 1. It is rectangular in shape
- 2. It has numbers and alphabet keys
- 3. It has symbols on it
- 4. It it has many keys

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: the keyboard and pictures

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies

EVALUATION: Pupils are evaluated thus:

State three features of a keyboard

WEEK: Three

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: Features of a mouse

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be

able to:

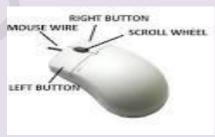
i. Describe a mouse

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with a mouse and it buttons

CONTENT:

FEATURES OF A MOUSE

A mouse is an input device which is used for clicking, dragging and scrolling.



FEATURES OF A MOUSE

- 1. It looks like a rat.
- 2. It has two buttons
- 3. It has a scroll wheel.
- 4. It is moved on the desk.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: mouse, pictures and charts

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies

EVALUATION: Pupils are evaluated thus:

State three features of a mouse

WEEK: four

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: The uses of a mouse

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be able to:

i. State the uses of a mouse

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with:

CONTENT:

USES OF A MOUSE

- 1. It is used for selecting items on the computer
- 2. It is used for scrolling.
- 3. It is used for clicking and dragging
- 4. It is used for opening documents

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: mouse, charts and pictures









INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: computer, pictures of different computer users

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies

EVALUATION: Pupils are evaluated thus:

State three uses of a computer

WEEK: Six

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: I T

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be able to:

i. Define IT

ii. Say what it is all about

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with some IT devices

CONTENT:

MEANING OF IT

IT means Information Technology it is a department that monitors information in an organization. Its all about the things we do with a computer. i.e input, output, processing etc..



INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: picture showing computer

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies

EVALUATION: Pupils are evaluated thus:

- 1. Define IT
- 2. Say what it is all about

WEEK: Seven

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: IT devices

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be able to:

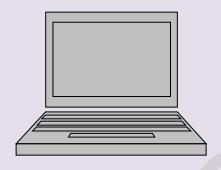
i. Identify some IT devices

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with:

CONTENT:

IT DEVICES

IT devices are those devices that can do the work of a computer. Examples are: laptops, GSM, tablet, blackberry, ipad etc.





INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: GSM phone, computer, charts etc

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies

EVALUATION: Pupils are evaluated thus:

Mention five IT devices

WEEK: Eight

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: Meaning of GSM phone

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be able to:

- i. Give the full meaning of GSM
- ii. Explain its uses

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with using GSM phone

CONTENT:

MEANING OF GSM PHONE

The GSM is a mobile device which is basically used for making calls, sending text messages etc. the GSM can be used for many things which includes: playing music, browsing the internet, playing games, listening to radio, taking pictures etc.

The full meaning of GSM is Global Systems for Mobile communications.



INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: GSM phone, charts and pictures

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies

EVALUATION: Pupils are evaluated thus:

- 1. What is the full meaning of GSM?
- 2. What can it be used for?

WEEK: Nine

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: Parts of the GSM phone

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be

able to:

i. Mention some parts of the GSM phone

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with GSM phone

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: GSM phone

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies

CONTENT:

PARTS OF THE GSM PHONE

Typically hardware components of a mobile phone include display (LCD, touch screen), keypad, microphone, speaker, SIM card, battery, USB port, antenna, memory unit(RAM,ROM), camera, CODEC, RF part, DAC/ADC, baseband part (L1/Layer1/physical layer) running on DSP, Application/protocol layers running on CPU, ON/OFF switch and Bluetooth/GPS features.





EVALUATION: Pupils are evaluated thus:

Name and identify four parts of the GSM phone

WEEK: TEN

CLASS: Basic Two

SUBJECT: ICT

TOPIC: USES OF GSM

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES: At the end of the lesson, pupils should be able to:

i. List the uses of GSM

BUILDING A BACKGROUND: The pupils are familiar with how to use GSM phone.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL: GSM phone

REFERENCE MATERIAL: Simple guide to computer studies.

CONTENT

Our GSM phones can be used in the following ways;

- i. We can use our mobile phone to make call.
- ii. It can be used to send text message.
- iii. We can listen to music or news with our GSM phones.
- iv. We can use it for arithmetic calculation.
- v. We can use it to search for information on the internet.

EVALUATION

1. Mention four uses of GSM